FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

June 30, 2022

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Benzie County Central School's annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2022. It is meant to be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter following this report and the District's financial statements immediately following.

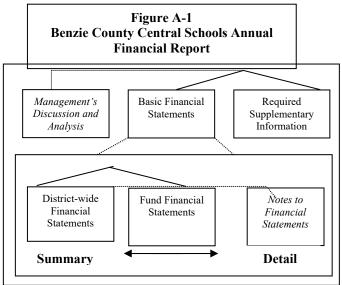
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District continued to be challenged by declining enrollment.
- The foundation grant increased from prior year to \$8,700/pupil. Blended enrollment decreased by 60.19 FTEs compared to June 2021 (6/30/2021 = 1,368.64; 6/30/2022 = 1,308.45).
- The District's contribution rate for employee retirement increased to 43.28%.
- The District passed a sinking fund levy of 0.9 mills for a period of 10 years, 2017 to 2026, for the purchase of real estate for sites for, and the construction or repair of, school buildings, for school security improvements, and for the acquisition or upgrading of technology.
- The BCCEA (Teachers), BCCESP (Transportation) and BCCESP (Secretarial) contracts are settled through August 31, 2024. The BCCESP (Paraprofessionals), and BCCESP (Custodial) contracts are settled through August 31, 2025.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *district-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations *in more detail* than the district-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds* statements tell how *basic* services like regular and special education were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.



The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure A-1 on the previous page shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

	Figure A-2	
Major Feat	ures of District-Wide and Fu	und Financial Statements
	District-wide	Fund Financial Statements
	Statements	Go vernment al Fund s
Scope	Entire district (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance.
Required financial statements	 * Statement of net position * Statement of activities 	 * Balance sheet * Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable

Figure A-2 summarized the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statements of net position include *all* of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, consideration must be given to additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (repayment of long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like school lunch and athletics).

The District has only one type of fund, governmental funds:

- Governmental funds – All of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how *cash and other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information is provided with the governmental funds statements explaining the relationship (or differences) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position

Table A-3		
BCCS's Net Position		
	2021	2022
Current and other assets	\$ 46,654,420	\$ 44,139,274
Capital assets	9,533,834	14,194,725
Deferred out flows of resources	6,133,720	3,746,147
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	62,321,974	62,080,146
Net pension liability	25,715,266	17,437,204
Net OPEB liability	4,025,850	1,108,764
Long-term debt outstanding	38,161,465	37,250,454
Other liabilities	3,253,104	4,125,759
Total liabilities	71,155,685	59,922,181
Deferred inflows of resources	4,561,803	11,190,523
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	8,200,459	8,454,227
Restricted	1,889,104	2,679,222
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(23,485,077)	(20,166,007)
Total net position	\$(13,395,514)	\$ (9,032,558)

Change in Net Position - The District's financial position is the product of several independent factors. Overall, revenues and expenses both increased when compared to last year's data, resulting in an increase in net position. The change in net position for 21/22 is \$4,362,956 compared to \$1,656,346 for 20/21. A breakout of this \$4,362,956 can be found on page 7 of the audit. Revenues in most cases can't be controlled by the District, but the District continues to hold the line and increase expenditures as compared to last year.

Table A Changes in BCCS		
Changes in bCCS	s net rosition	
Revenues	2021	2022
Property Taxes		
Levied for general purposes	\$ 7,867,054	\$ 8,280,813
Levied for debt service	-	1,845,617
Levied for sinking fund	789,826	815,845
State School Aid - unrestricted	3,306,719	2,993,103
Grants & contributions not restricted	168,089	271,973
Charges for services	189,790	264,145
Operating grants and contributions	5,422,427	6,431,821
Special Item - loss on disposal of assets	-	(24,412)
Investment and other	27,935	65,546
Total revenues	17,771,840	20,944,451
Expenses		
Instruction	8,361,827	7,269,459
Support services	5,599,956	5,839,863
Food service	671,418	796,309
Early Childhood	129,765	105,409
Student activities	85,820	142,067
Athletics	254,148	280,671
Other	452,923	68,539
Interest on long-term debt	2,095	1,463,372
Depreciation	557,542	615,806
Total expenses	16,115,494	16,581,495
Change in net position	\$ 1,656,346	\$ 4,362,956
Net position, beginning of the year	(15,051,860)	(13,395,514)
Net position, end of the year	\$(13,395,514)	\$ (9,032,558)

District Governmental Activities

The District continued to maintain its sound financial planning and personnel management for the 2021 - 2022 School Year.

- Teachers retiring or resigning from the District are replaced only if enrollments dictate the need for increased instruction.
- The District attempts to replace all resigning or retiring teachers at lower or entry level salary steps than the departing incumbent. However, the District is also seeing a shortage of qualified teachers and will recognize teaching years for the best qualified candidate.
- Grant funded programs are totally dependent upon dollars received. If dollars coming in from the grant decrease, expenses are decreased accordingly.
- The District continues to assess enrollment and has established the baseline classroom size should not be less than 15 students. Enrollment is reviewed constantly throughout the year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its general fund reported a fund balance of \$5,692,070. The non-spendable inventory and prepaid expenditures of \$53,130 and \$55,538, respectively, and assigned employee sick time of \$166,430 total \$275,098 compared to \$277,186 last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises the annual operating budget periodically. The District begins the school year the last week of August, before the State's fiscal year begins in October. Therefore, budget assumptions made by the District earlier in the year may not materialize when the State implements the education budget.

Changes are made to final student enrollment counts, staffing assignments and changes in grant funding since the original budget was adopted.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Depreciable assets for the 2021 - 2022 school year totaled \$22,876,667 or \$1,503,401 more than 2020 - 2021. Sinking fund and bond projects encompassed the majority of the addition to capital assets which totaled \$2,413,993 for the 2021 - 2022 school year. Approximately \$4.2 million in sinking fund and bond projects are in process as of June 30, 2022. For more details, see Note E, on page 20 of the audit.

	2021		 2022
Building and improvements Furniture and fixtures Vehicles	\$	17,656,140 2,249,696 1,467,430	\$ 19,174,747 2,211,490 1,490,430
Total	\$	21,373,266	\$ 22,876,667

During the 2021 - 2022 school year, the District sold its Platte River Elementary building resulting in a net loss of \$24,412.

Long-term Debt

At year-end the District had \$38,179,711 in long-term debt. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note G, on page 21 of the audit.)

Table A-6BCCS's Outstanding Long-Term Debt					
	2021	2022			
General obligation bonds	\$ 31,630,000	\$ 31,305,000			
Energy Conservation Bond	66,490	66,490			
Unamortized Premium	6,936,048	6,641,791			
Accumulated Sick & Vacation Leave	156,591	166,430			
Total	\$ 38,789,129	\$ 38,179,711			

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- Enrollment continues to be a primary issue impacting Benzie Central School's financial position. The COVID-19 pandemic required local governmental entities to make decisions that impacted campuses, some of which led to possible reductions in enrollment. The District continues to work on building a superior early childhood education program to retain and enroll young students in the District. With a new elementary opening at the beginning of 2023/24, the District hopes new excitement of the new building will bring new students into the District to increase enrollment.
- The 2021/22 foundation allowance was \$8,700, a \$589 per pupil increase over the previous year. The blended pupil count for the 2021/22 school year was 1,308.45 which is a reduction of 60.19 students from 2020/21, and 106.42 less than the 2019/20 school year. At the 2020/21 foundation rate of \$8,700 per pupil, the 60.19 student decrease represents an approximate loss of \$523,623 in funding to the District. The official audited student count occurs in the Fall of 2022, any adjustments will be made to the District in future state aid payments.
- The District's retirement contribution rate for 2021/22 increased to 43.28%, an increase of 0.56%. The rate increased effective October 1, 2021 to 44.48% an increase of 1.2%.
- The sinking fund millage passed in 2016/17 generated \$818,488 in revenue and interest for the District in 2021/22. The mileage is expected to levy \$870,969 for the 2022/23 school year.
- The stakeholders of Benzie Central Schools passed a Bond in November of 2020. The approximate \$37M bond continues to help the District with numerous projects impacting all buildings in the District. Plans are underway for upgrades, additions, a new transportation hub, and a new Elementary building. The District faces many challenges that include supply chain issues, delays due to weather, and increased cost of materials.
- The USDA extended free meals to children through the 2021/22 school year due to the COVID-19 pandemic. This provided much needed meals for children and relief to families in the community. The District is reimbursed for each meal served to students throughout the year. The program is not being extended through the 2022/23 school year. The District is moving to a Community Eligibility Provision (CEP) meal funding option with the National School Lunch Program to continue to provide students in our community with free meals for the 2022/23 school year, continuing for a four-year cycle.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Additional financial data can be found on the District's website <u>http://www.benzieschools.net</u>. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Central Business Office, Benzie County Central Schools, 9300 Homestead Rd, Benzonia MI 49616.



Brad P. Niergarth, CPA James G. Shumate, CPA Shelly K. Bedford, CPA Heidi M. Wendel, CPA James M. Taylor, CPA Trina B. Ochs, CPA John A. Blair, CPA Aaron J. Mansfield, CPA Elizabeth A. Hedden, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Benzie County Central School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *Benzie County Central School District* (the "School District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table on contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Board of Education Benzie County Central School District

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages i - vi, budgetary comparison information on page 38, pension contribution schedule on page 39, and OPEB contribution schedule on page 40 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining non-major fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respect, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of Education Benzie County Central School District

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2022 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Benzie County Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dennis, Gartland & Niergarth

Certified Public Accountants Traverse City, Michigan

December 22, 2022

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES ASSETS	
ASSETS Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Prepaid expenses Other receivables Inventory	\$ 42,130,249 1,801,601 130,538 7,368 69,518
Total current assets	44,139,274
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	14,194,725
Total assets	58,333,999
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows for OPEB liability Deferred outflows for OPEB liability	2,401,684 1,344,463
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,746,147
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 62,080,146
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable Salaries payable and related liabilities Unearned revenue Accrued expenses Current portion of long-term liabilities	\$ 1,331,638 1,551,485 104,449 208,930 929,257
Total current liabilities	4,125,759
Non-current portion of long-term liabilities Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Total liabilities	37,250,454 17,437,204 <u>1,108,764</u> 59,922,181
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows for PEB liability Deferred inflows for OPEB liability	6,629,325 4,561,198
Total deferred inflows of resources	11,190,523
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for Debt service Capital projects Food service	8,454,227 679,777 1,520,699 478,746
Unrestricted (deficit)	(20,166,007)
Total net position	(9,032,558)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 62,080,146

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Functions/Program	E	xpenses		Program Charges For Services	Ol	ues perating Grants d Contributions	Rev	Net (Expense) enue and Changes <u>n Net Position</u> Governmental Activities
Governmental activities Instruction Supporting services Food service Early childhood Student activities Athletics Other Interest on long-term debt Depreciation - unallocated	\$	7,269,459 5,839,863 796,309 105,409 142,067 280,671 68,539 1,463,372 615,806	\$	- 74,903 141,293 - 47,949 -	\$	5,261,131 937,339 61,449 171,902	\$	$\begin{array}{c} (2,008,328) \\ (5,839,863) \\ 215,933 \\ 97,333 \\ 29,835 \\ (232,722) \\ (68,539) \\ (1,463,372) \\ (615,806) \end{array}$
Total governmental activities	\$	16,581,495	\$	264,145	\$	6,431,821		(9,885,529)
	Prop Le Le State Gran	purpose revent erty taxes wied for genera wied for debt so wied for sinking school aid - ur ts and contribu stment and othe	l pur ervic g fun restr tions	e .d	ecific j	program		8,280,813 1,845,617 815,845 2,993,103 271,973 65,546
		Total general	purp	oose revenues				14,272,897
	Special	item - loss on d	ispo	sal of assets				(24,412)
	Change	in net position						4,362,956
	Net posi	tion, beginning	g of y	ear				(13,395,514)
	Net posi	tion, end of yes	ar				\$	(9,032,558)

-7- The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

		General Fund		2021 School Building & Site Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	<i></i>		.	22 25 6 5 4	.	2 01 7 2 60	•	10 100 0 10
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,136,305	\$	33,976,584	\$	3,017,360	\$	42,130,249
Prepaid expenditures Other receivables		55,538		-		75,000		130,538
Intergovernmental receivable		- 1,761,269		-		7,368 40,332		7,368 1,801,601
Due from other funds		836,409		-		266,754		1,103,163
Inventory		53,130		-		16,388		69,518
Inventory			-				_	
Total assets	\$	7,842,651	\$	33,976,584	\$	3,423,202	\$	45,242,437
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	369,151	\$	912,260	\$	50,227	\$	1,331,638
Salaries payable and related liabilities		1,551,485		-		-		1,551,485
Unearned revenue		95,099				9,350		104,449
Due to other funds		134,846		791,541		176,776		1,103,163
Total liabilities		2,150,581		1,703,801		236,353		4,090,735
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable - inventory and prepaid expenditures		108,668		-		91,388		200,056
Restricted								
Debt service		-		-		888,707		888,707
Capital projects		-		32,272,783		1,520,699		33,793,482
Food service		-		-		387,358		387,358
Committed - student activities		-		-		156,587		156,587
Assigned - employee sick time		166,430		-		-		166,430
Assigned - early childhood		-		-		142,110		142,110
Unassigned		5,416,972						5,416,972
Total fund balances		5,692,070		32,272,783		3,186,849		41,151,702
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,842,651	\$	33,976,584	\$	3,423,202		

Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balances to District-Wide Government Activities Net Position

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$27,177,136 and the accumulated depreciation is \$(12,982,411).	14,194,725
Deferred outflows of resources for pension and OPEB are not a financial resource and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	3,746,147
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	
Bonds and loans payable\$ 31,371,49Accrued interest on bonds208,93Unamortized bond premium6,641,79Accumulated leave liability166,43Net pension liability17,437,20Net OPED liability11,087,70	0 1 0 4
Net OPEB liability <u>1,108,76</u> Deferred inflows of resources for pension and OPEB are not a financial resource and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.	<u>4</u> (56,934,609) (11,190,523)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ (9,032,558)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	2021 School Building & Site Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Property taxes	\$ 8,280,813	\$ -	\$ 2,661,462	\$ 10,942,275
Interest	^{\$ 8,280,813} 7,343	53,869	3,644	64,856
State revenues	6,141,871		59,103	6,200,974
Federal revenues	1,455,077	-	907,705	2,362,782
Other	969,804		420,768	1,390,572
Total revenues	16,854,908	53,869	4,052,682	20,961,459
Expenditures				
Instruction	8,695,428	-	-	8,695,428
Supporting services	6,142,095	-	-	6,142,095
Food service	-	-	796,309	796,309
Early childhood	-	-	105,409	105,409
Student activities	-	-	142,067	142,067
Athletics	280,671	-	-	280,671
Other	68,539	-	-	68,539
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	325,000	325,000
Interest	2,698	-	1,546,356	1,549,054
Capital outlay	649,541	4,166,493	925,890	5,741,924
Total expenditures	15,838,972	4,166,493	3,841,031	23,846,496
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	1,015,936	(4,112,624)	211,651	(2,885,037)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Operating transfers in	-	-	913,756	913,756
Operating transfers out		(913,756)		(913,756)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(913,756)	913,756	<u> </u>
REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,015,936	(5,026,380)	1,125,407	(2,885,037)
SPECIAL ITEMS				
Proceeds from the sale of assets	7,404			7,404
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,023,340	(5,026,380)	1,125,407	(2,877,633)
Fund balance, beginning of year	4,668,730	37,299,163	2,061,442	44,029,335
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 5,692,070	\$ 32,272,783	\$ 3,186,849	\$ 41,151,702

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES WITH THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (2,877,633)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, costs that meet the capitalization policy are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation in the period.	
Capital outlays \$ 5,301,109 Depreciation expense (615,806)	4,685,303
In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets sold.	(24,412)
Change in deferred outflows of resources for:	
Pension liability \$ (1,944,685) OPEB liability (442,888)	(2,387,573)
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacations and sick leave) - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, sick time earned was greater than the amounts paid by \$9,839.	(9,839)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure or other financing use in the governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities.	325,000
Amortization of bond premium.	294,257
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The interest reported in the statement of activities is different by the change in accrued interest on bonds payable.	(208,575)
Decrease in net pension liability	8,278,062
Decrease in net OPEB liability	2,917,086
Change in deferred inflows of resources for:	
Pension liability \$ (5,465,922) OPEB liability (1,162,798)	(6,628,720)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,362,956

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Introduction

Benzie County Central School District (the "School District") is a Michigan public school district consisting of three child cares, four elementary schools, a middle school and a high school. The School District primarily serves the Benzonia, Lake Ann, Honor and Crystal Lake communities. As of June 30, 2022, the School District employs 90 professional staff and 70 non-professional staff, and has 1,309 students enrolled within its School District.

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The School District is considered to be a local government unit.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices of the School District are discussed in subsequent sections of this note. The remainder of the notes are organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The Financial Reporting Entity

Benzie County Central School District's Board is a special purpose government and considered to be a primary government because it has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. The financial reporting entity of Benzie County Central School District includes the School District as the primary government and its component units; i.e., legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and any other organizations which management has determined, based on the nature of significance of their relationship with the School District, must be included to prevent the School District's financial statements from being misleading. Based on criteria established in Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 14, as amended, management has not identified any component units. Student, parent and teacher organizations are not included, except to the extent that the School District holds assets in the capacity of an agent.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. Individual funds are not displayed.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees, fines and forfeitures, and other charges to users of the School District's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances (i.e., fund financial statements) for the School District's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and non-major funds in the aggregate for governmental funds. Major funds are generally those that represent 10% or more of governmental fund assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the School District are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The School District's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") pronouncements.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied, while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The School District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include property taxes, intergovernmental revenues and investment income. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received.

Fund Types and Major Funds

Activities in Major Funds

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund.

The 2021 School Building and Site Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the improvement of major capital facilities. This fund includes capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For these capital projects, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 1351a of the Revised School Code.

Other Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes. The Special Revenue Funds maintained by the School District are the Food Service Fund, Early Childhood Fund and Student Activity Fund.

The Debt Retirement Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, bond principal, interest and related costs.

The 2017 Sinking Fund records capital project activities funded with Sinking Fund millage. For this fund, the school district has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 1212 of the Revised School Code.

Cash and and Cash Equivalents

The School District reporting entity considers highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Inventories in governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption stated on a firstin, first-out basis. They are reported at cost, which is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, the fair value at the time of donation. Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives ranging from 5 to 50 years. The School District generally capitalizes assets with costs of \$5,000 or more as purchase and construction outlays occur. No depreciation is recorded on land or construction-in-process. Expenditures for major renewals and betterments that extend the useful lives of the capital assets are capitalized. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to current expenditures as incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Buildings	50	years
Improvements, other than buildings	20	years
Buses and vehicles	10	years
Furniture and equipment	5	years

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of financial position includes separate elements for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement elements, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, represent a consumption/addition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) or inflows of resources (revenue) until then. The School District's items that qualify for reporting in this category are items related to the pension and OPEB obligations. See Note J for details of deferred outflows and inflows related to the pension obligation, and Note K for the OPEB obligation.

Fund Balance

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance cannot be spent because of its form. Restricted fund balance has limitations imposed by creditors, grantors or contributors, or by enabling legislation or constitutional provisions. Committed fund balance is a limitation imposed by the School District Board through approval of resolutions. Assigned fund balances is a limitation imposed by a designee of the School District Board. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the net resources in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories. Negative unassigned fund balance in other governmental funds represents excess expenditures incurred over the amounts non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the School District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

Program Revenues

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from outside parties for the restricted use in a particular program. On the statement of activities, program revenues reduce the net cost of the various functions to reflect the amount which is financed from the School District's general revenues.

The School District's most significant program revenues are Title I, At-Risk, School Lunch Program, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) funds, and Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) funds, which are reported as operating grants and contributions.

Encumbrance Accounting

The School District formally records encumbrances in the accounting records during the year as a normal practice. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, outstanding encumbrances at yearend for which goods or services are received are reclassified as expenditures and accounts payable. All other encumbrances in the annual budgeted funds are reversed at year-end and are either canceled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance for the subsequent year.

Allocation of Expenses

The School District reports each function's direct expenses, those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and, thus, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

The School District has elected to not allocate indirect expenses.

Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net position, liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public Employees Retirement System ("MPSERS") and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System ("MPSERS") and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B - BUDGETARY POLICY AND PRACTICE

The School District has adopted these procedures in establishing the budgets as reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. As early as possible in the preceding fiscal year (generally in the spring), the Superintendent formulates preliminary budgets for the coming year, which she submits to the Board of Education for their review.
- 2. A public hearing is held prior to June 30 on the proposed budgets to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The Board of Education reviews the proposed budget and then in June adopts a formal resolution approving the needed appropriations for the coming operating year.
- 4. All transfers of budget amounts and any amendments to the formal Appropriation Act are approved by the Board of Education.
- 5. It is the Superintendent's responsibility to supervise and monitor the budget process. She does this by reviewing the monthly financial data and reporting and recommending any needed amendments to the Board of Education.
- 6. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 7. The budgets presented in these financial statements are as originally adopted and as formally amended by the Board of Education.
- 8. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978 provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District was not in compliance with that provision as follows:

	Budget		 Actual		Variance	
General Fund		-				
Instruction						
Pre-Kindergarten Learning						
Exp (GSRP)	\$	302,725	\$ 319,250	\$	(16,525)	
Title I		330,553	430,234		(99,681)	
Supporting Services						
Student Assessment (GSRP)		329	10,173		(9,844)	
Technology		463,152	529,899		(66,747)	
Athletics		302,178	302,757		(579)	

NOTE C - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2022, the School District's cash and investments include the following:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents	l
Cash on hand Bank deposits Investments	\$ 200 8,153,465 <u>33,976,584</u>	-
Total	\$ 42,130,249	_

Bank Deposits

All of the School District's bank deposits are with financial institutions which provide FDIC insurance coverage.

As of June 30, 2022, \$8,429,205 of the School District's bank balance of \$9,106,687 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments

The School District's investment policy permits investments in the following vehicles:

1. Bonds and other obligations of the United States; the principal and interest of which are fully guaranteed by the United States; or obligations of the State.

- 2. Certificate of deposits issued by financial institutions organized and authorized to operate in Michigan.
- 3. Certain commercial paper.
- 4. Securities issued or guaranteed by agencies or instruments of the United States government.
- 5. United States government Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements.
- 6. Banker's acceptance issued by a bank that is a member of the FDIC.
- 7. Certain mutual funds.
- 8. Investment pools, as authorized by the surplus funds investment pool act, Act No. 367 of the Public Acts of 1982.

Investments at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

		Investment Maturities (in years)							
Investment Type	Fair Value	Current	1-5	6-10	More than 10				
MILAF	\$33,976,584	\$33,976,584	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ </u>				

Interest Rate Risk

The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair market value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The School District attempts to minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market and investing operating funds primarily in short-term securities or Michigan Liquid Asset Funds ("MILAF"), and limiting the average maturity. MILAF investments are carried at amortized cost and are not subject to any withdrawal restrictions.

Credit Risk

The School District's investment policy limits investments in commercial paper to a prime or better rating at the time of purchase and maturing not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. As of June 30, 2022, the School District's investment in the MILAF investment pool was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

NOTE D - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS AND UNEARNED REVENUE

Property Taxes Receivable, Unearned Revenue and Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are levied, billed and attached as enforceable liens in July and December of the School District's fiscal year. Townships within the School District collect and remit taxes until February 15, at which time the uncollected real property taxes are turned over to the counties as delinquent. Delinquent real property taxes are funded by the county and remitted to the School District. Delinquent personal property tax remains a receivable until collected from the taxpayer by the townships and remitted to the School District.

In the governmental fund financial statements, if delinquent taxes are not paid within 60 days of year-end, they are recorded as unearned revenue. In the government-wide financial statements, property taxes receivable and related revenue include all amounts due to the School District regardless of when cash is received. Over time, substantially all property taxes are collected.

During the fiscal year, \$18 per \$1,000 of equalized non-principal residence property value of \$455 million and \$6 per \$1,000 of equalized commercial personal property value of \$8 million was levied for general operating purposes. For debt service purposes, \$1.99 per \$1,000 of total equalized property value of \$928 million was levied for bonded debt repayments by the Debt Service Fund. For sinking fund purposes, \$0.90 per \$1,000 of total equalized property value of \$928 million was levied for the purchase of real estate sites for, and construction or repair of, school building, for school security improvements, and for the acquisition or upgrading of technology.

Intergovernmental Receivables and Unearned Revenue

Intergovernmental receivables are primarily comprised of amounts due from the State and Federal governments. Revenue is recorded as earned when eligibility requirements are met. Unearned revenues in the governmental fund financial statements include grant revenue for which eligible expenditures have not been incurred.

Amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Due from the State of Michigan - State Aid	\$1,039,917
Due from Federal Grants	705,770
Other	55,914
	<u>\$1,801,601</u>

NOTE E - INVESTMENTS IN CAPITAL ASSETS

	 Beginning Balance	 Additions	R	Retirements	Ending Balance
Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and vehicles	\$ 17,656,140 2,249,696 1,467,430	\$ 2,390,993	\$	(872,386) \$ (38,206)	19,174,747 2,211,490 1,490,430
Total depreciable assets	21,373,266	2,413,993		(910,592)	22,876,667
Less accumulated depreciation Construction-in-process Land	 (13,252,785) 1,359,912 53,441	 (615,806) 3,406,732		886,180 (519,616)	(12,982,411) 4,247,028 53,441
Total capital assets, net	\$ 9,533,834	\$ 5,204,919	\$	(544,028) \$	14,194,725

Investments in capital assets consist of the following during the year ended June 30, 2022:

Depreciation expense was charged to the function in the statement of activities, as follows:

Unallocated	\$ (615,806)

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District sold the Platte River Elementary school building and auctioned off its related furniture and fixtures for a total of \$7,404. The cost of the buildings and related furniture and fixtures were \$910,592 with a net book value of \$24,412 resulting in a loss on the sale of \$17,008 which is included as a special item on the statement of activities.

NOTE F - STATE AID ANTICIPATION NOTE PAYABLE

State Aid anticipation notes were issued to fund operations until State aid was received. The notes were secured by July and August State aid payments, bearing interest ranging from 0.70% to 0.25% and were due July 20, 2021 and August 20, 2021. Changes in State aid anticipation notes payable during the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

ginning Ilance	Ne	w Debt	. <u> </u>	Payments	 Ending Balance	
\$ 671,429	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	671,429	\$	_

NOTE G - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	Beginning Balance	New Debt		Payments/ Defeasance		Ending Balance	 Current Portion
General obligation bonds	\$31,630,000	\$	-	\$	(325,000)	\$31,305,000	\$ 635,000
Energy conservation bonds	66,490		-		-	66,490	-
Unamortized premium	6,936,048		-		(294,257)	6,641,791	294,257
Accumulated leave liability	156,591		9,839		_	166,430	_
nuonity			,037			100,150	
Long-term debt at June 30, 2022	\$38,789,129	\$	9,839	\$	(619,257)	<u>\$38,179,711</u>	\$ 929,257

Changes in long-term debt during the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Payments on general obligation bonds are made by the Debt Service Fund. All other borrowing and the accumulated leave liability will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

At June 30, 2022, the School District's long-term debt consisted of the following:

\$31,630,000 2021 Building and Site Bonds for building a new elementary school; additions and remodeling of existing schools and bus garages; installing instructional technology; building and improving playgrounds, playfields and sites; and purchasing buses; due in annual installments of \$325,000 to \$2,310,000 through May 2045, plus interest at a rate of 4.00%.	\$31,305,000
\$1,340,000 2009 Energy Conservation Bonds for the purpose of energy conservation improvements; due in installments of \$85,000 to \$105,000 through June 2024; plus interest at a rate of .90% over the prime rate. An accelerated payment of \$335,000 was made during the year ended June 30, 2020 with the final balance due June 2024.	66,490
Total bonds payable	31,371,490
Unamortized premium	6,641,791
Accumulated leave liability	166,430
Total long-term debt	\$38,179,711

Interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$1,463,372 and interest paid was \$1,549,054.

Years Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest
2023	\$	635,000	\$ 1,254,959
2024		646,490	1,229,559
2025		675,000	1,203,600
2026		770,000	1,176,600
2027		845,000	1,145,800
2028 - 2032		5,230,000	5,173,200
2033 - 2037		6,710,000	4,014,800
2038 - 2042		9,245,000	2,470,200
2043 - 2045		6,615,000	537,200
	\$.	31,371,490	\$18,205,918

Total annual requirements to amortize bonds and loans outstanding as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Accumulated Leave Liability

Employees of the School District accumulate days of compensated sick leave, as specified by the bargaining units' contract. This benefit vests after 10 years of employment. Upon either resignation or retirement, the employees are compensated at daily rates specified in the bargaining units' contracts.

NOTE H - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; unemployment benefits; and natural disasters. The School District manages its risk exposures and provides certain employee benefits through a combination of self-insurance and risk management pools.

The School District pays unemployment claims on a reimbursement basis through the Bureau of Workers' and Unemployment Compensation ("BWUC"). As BWUC pays eligible recipients benefits, this amount is billed to the Benzie County Central School District. At June 30, 2022, there were no significant unbilled claims.

The School District participates in SET-SEG's risk management pools for worker's compensation claims, liability insurance, and errors and omissions coverages. SET-SEG was established pursuant to laws of the State of Michigan which authorize local units of government to jointly exercise any power, privilege or authority which each might exercise separately. The purpose of SET-SEG is to provide cooperative and comprehensive risk financing and risk control services. SET-SEG provides risk management, underwriting, reinsurance and claim review, and processing services for all member governments pursuant to its charter.

The School District makes annual contributions to SET-SEG based on actuarial studies using historical data and insurance industry statistics. These contributions are paid from the General Fund. Such contributions as received by SET-SEG are allocated between its General and Member Retention Funds. Economic resources in SET-SEG's General Fund are expended for reinsurance coverage, claim payments and certain general and administrative costs, whereas resources in the Member Retention Fund are used for loss payments and defense costs up to the member's self-insurance retention limits along with certain other member-specific costs. Any refunds from SET-SEG are deposited in the School District's General Fund.

NOTE I - BALANCES AND TRANSFERS/PAYMENTS WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY

Receivables and Payables

Outstanding balances between funds reported as "due to/from other funds" include outstanding charges by one fund to another for services or goods, subsidy commitments outstanding at year-end, and other miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds.

	Interfund			nterfund
Fund	R	eceivable		<u>Payable</u>
Major Funds: General Fund 2021 School Building & Site Fund	\$	836,409 -	\$	134,846 791,541
Non-major Funds: Food Service Fund Early Childhood Fund Student Activity Fund 2017 Capital Sinking Fund		2,455 87,786 - 176,513		88,140 77,529 11,107
	\$	1,103,163	\$	1,103,163

Transfers and Payments

Transfers and payments within the reporting entity are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions or maintaining debt service on a routine basis. Resources are accumulated in a fund to support and simplify the administration of various projects or programs.

The government-wide statement of activities eliminates transfers as reported within the segregated governmental activities column.

The following schedule reports transfers and payments within the reporting entity:

Transfer in	Amount	Transfer out	Amount
Other Governmental Funds		Major Governmental Funds	
2021 Debt Service Fund	<u>\$ 913,756</u>	2021 School Building & Site Fund	<u>\$ 913,756</u>

The transfer from the 2021 School Building & Site Fund to the 2021 Debt Service Fund was a required use of bond proceeds for the first interest payment on the bond.

NOTE J - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System ("MPSERS") is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (the "State") originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the Board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The Board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an exofficio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The system is administered by the Office of Retirement Services ("ORS") within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management and Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit ("DB") pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25% to 1.50%. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of September 30, 2020 will be amortized over a 18-year period beginning October 1, 2020 and ending September 30, 2038.

The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for the Plan's fiscal year September 30, 2021:

Pension Contribution Rates			
Benefit Structure	Member	Employer	
Basic	0.0-4.0%	19.78%	
Member Investment Plan	3.0-7.0%	19.78%	
Pension Plus	3.0-6.4%	16.82%	
Pension Plus 2	6.2%	19.59%	
Defined Contribution	0.0%	13.39%	

Required contributions to the pension plan from the School District were \$3,079,418 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability of \$17,437,204 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2020. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employees during the measurement period. At September 30, 2021, the School District's proportion was 0.07365111%, which was a decrease of 0.00120901% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized pension expense of \$1,385,522. At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
Resources	Resources
\$ 270,110	\$ 102,684
1,099,179	-
-	5,606,005
-	920,636
1,032,395	
\$ 2,401,684	\$ 6,629,325
	Outflows of <u>Resources</u> \$ 270,110 1,099,179 - - 1,032,395

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,032,395 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending September 30,	Amount
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ (976,049) (1,255,366) (1,477,100) (1,551,521)
	\$ (5,260,036)

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date:		September 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method:		Entry Age, Normal
Wage Inflation Rate:		2.75%
Investment Rate of Return:		
MIP and Basic Plans:		6.80% net of investment expenses
Pension Plus Plan:		6.80% net of investment expenses
Pension Plus 2 Plan:		6.00% net of investment expenses
Projected Salary Increases:		2.75-11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Cost-of-Living Pension Adjustments:		3% Annual Non-Compounded for MIP Members
Mortality:	Retirees:	RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant
		Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and
		78% for females and adjusted for mortality
		improvements using projection scale MP-2017
		from 2006.
	Active	RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant
	Members:	Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and adjusted for
		mortality improvements using projection scale
		MP-2017 from 2006.

Notes:

- Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018 valuation. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2021, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2020, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.
- Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: 4.4367
- Recognition period for assets in years: 5.0000
- Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2021 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at <u>www.michigan.gov/orsschools</u>.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0 %	5.4 %
Private Equity Pools	16.0	9.1
International Equity Pools	15.0	7.5
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	(0.7)
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	5.4
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	2.6
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	12.5	6.1
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.0	(1.3)
	100.0 %	

*Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.0% inflation.

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was 27.3%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.80% for the Basic, MIP and Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan, hybrid plans provided through non-university employers only). This discount rate was based on the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Basic, MIP and Pension Plus 2 plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% (6.80% for the Basic, MIP and Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan), as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

Current Single Discount					
1	% Decrease]	Rate Assumption		1% Increase
(5.80%	5.80% / 5.80% / 5.00%) (6.80% / 6.80% / 6.00%)		(7.80% / 7.80% / 7.00%)		
\$	24,930,473	\$	17,437,204	\$	11,224,793

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") available on the ORS website at: www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payables to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS)

The School District reported \$109,346 and \$5,071 payable to the plan at June 30, 2022 for legally required defined benefit and defined contribution plan contributions, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

NOTE K - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's health plan provides all eligible retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the post-employment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Post-Employment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer OPEB contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2020 valuation will be amortized over a 19-year period beginning October 1, 2020 and ending September 30, 2038.

The schedule below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for the year ended September 30, 2021.

OPEB Contribution Rates										
Benefit Structure	Member	Employer								
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	8.43%								
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	7.57%								

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from the School District were \$539,241 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

OPEB Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to **OPEB**

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability of \$1,108,764 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 30, 2020. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the systems during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2021, the School District's proportion was 0.07264023%, which was a decrease of 0.00250722% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized OPEB income of \$783,349. At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 3,164,889
Changes of assumptions	926,872	138,695
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan		
investments	-	835,696
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	8,610	421,918
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	408,981	
Total	\$ 1,344,463	\$ 4,561,198

From the above table, contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$408,981 will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years Ending September 30,	Amount
2022	\$ (999,221)
2023	(891,755)
2024 2025	(760,648) (683,992)
2023	(256,451)
Thereafter	(33,649)
Total	\$ (3,625,716)

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date: Actuarial Cost Method: Wage Inflation Rate: Investment Rate of Return: Projected Salary Increases: Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:		September 30, 2020 Entry Age, Normal 2.75% 6.95% net of investment expenses 2.75-11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75% Pre-65: 7.75% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120 Post-65: 5.25% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120
Mortality:	Retirees:	RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
	Active Members:	RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Other Assumptions		
Opt Out Assumptions:		21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.
Survivor Coverage:		80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverages continuing after the retiree's death.
Coverage Election at Retiren	nent:	75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Notes:

• Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018 valuation. The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2021, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2020, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

- Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: 6.1312
- Recognition period for assets in years: 5.0000
- Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2021 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at <u>www.michigan.gov/orsschools</u>.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0 %	5.4 %
Private Equity Pools	16.0	9.1
International Equity Pools	15.0	7.5
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	(0.7)
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	5.4
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	2.6
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	12.5	6.1
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.0	(1.3)
	100.0 %	

*Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.0% inflation.

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investment, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 27.14%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
•	(5.95%)		(6.95%)	•	(7.95%)
3	2,060,284	\$	1,108,764	2	301,264

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using assumed trend rates, as well as what School District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	С	urrent Healthcare	
 1% Decrease		Cost Trend Rate	 1% Increase
\$ 269,864	\$	1,108,764	\$ 2,052,628

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued 2021 MPSERS CAFR, available on the ORS website at <u>www.michigan.gov/orsschools</u>.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Payables to the OPEB Plan

The School District reported a \$49,715 payable to the Plan at June 30, 2022 for the OPEB liability.

NOTE L - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Grants

In the normal course of operations, the School District receives grant funds from various Federal and State agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authorities, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

Collectively Bargained Employment Agreements

The teachers of the School District are organized under the Benzie County Central Education Association. The Board of Education and the Benzie County Central Education Association have a contract through August 31, 2024.

The support personnel at the School District are organized under the Northern Michigan Education Association. The Board of Education and the Northern Michigan Education Association have a contract through August 31, 2025.

NOTE M - RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

COVID-19

On March 10, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) a pandemic. Throughout the pandemic, the Federal government has provided the School District with funds for increased operational costs to comply with health and safety protocols. Additional Federal funding and changes to operations are expected to continue into the next fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variances - Pos	sitive (Negative)
	0.1.1	F ' 1	Actual (GAAP		Final to Actual
D	Original	Final	Basis)	Original to Final	Total
Revenues Local and intermediate sources	\$ 7,905,252	\$ 8,589,188	\$ 8,442,588	\$ 683,936	\$ (146,600)
State revenues	3,981,761	6,204,991	6 ,141,871	2,223,230	(63,120)
Federal revenues	884,985	1,666,880	1,455,077	781,895	(211,803)
Other	503,704	771,453	822,776	267,749	51,323
Otilei		//1,455	022,770	207,749	51,525
Total revenues	13,275,702	17,232,512	16,862,312	3,956,810	(370,200)
Expenditures					
Instruction					
Elementary	3,276,671	3,309,002	3,038,187	(32,331)	270,815
Middle School	1,401,323	1,614,637		(213,314)	14,080
		· · ·	1,600,557		
High School	1,754,146	1,739,329	1,718,957	14,817	20,372
High School Alt Ed	-	6,971	-	(6,971)	6,971
Pre-Kindergarten Learning Exp	150 150	202 525	210.250	(100.570)	(1 (505)
(GSRP)	179,153	302,725	319,250	(123,572)	(16,525)
Special Ed	1,263,971	1,281,806	1,219,923	(17,835)	61,883
At Risk	506,088	473,244	370,401	32,844	102,843
Title I	252,192	330,553	430,234	(78,361)	(99,681)
Classroom Reduction	51,576	65,831	-	(14,255)	65,831
Vocation Ed	180,568	109,407	106,978	71,161	2,429
Total instruction	8,865,688	9,233,505	8,804,487	(367,817)	429,018
Supporting Services	007.447	446.014	252 176		04 720
Guidance	237,447	446,914	352,176	(209,467)	94,738
Schools Improvement	31,589	36,028	12,438	(4,439)	23,590
Supervision/Direction of Inst Staff				·	
(GSRP)	94,233	129,690	129,450	(35,457)	240
Student Assessment (GSRP)	479	329	10,173	150	(9,844)
Board of Education	104,287	113,758	83,796	(9,471)	29,962
Central Business	337,196	369,838	354,723	(32,642)	15,115
School Administration	1,051,354	1,155,062	1,044,640	(103,708)	110,422
Fiscal Services	264,645	309,241	298,191	(44,596)	11,050
Business Services	87,011	93,950	92,444	(6,939)	1,506
Operations and Maintenance	1,592,233	2,479,707	2,210,194	(887,474)	269,513
Transportation	1,612,335	1,584,920	1,474,644	27,415	110,276
Staff/Personnel Serv (GSRP)	20,733	75,309	55,747	(54,576)	19,562
Technology	267,823	463,152	529,899	(195,329)	(66,747)
Auditorium	6,873	4,324	1,837	2,549	2,487
Athletics	303,327	302,178	302,757	1,149	(579)
Aulicues	505,527			1,149	(37)
Total supporting services	6,011,565	7,564,400	6,953,109	(1,552,835)	611,291
Debt service	2,800	2,800	2,698	-	102
Other	40,446	134,054	78,678	(93,608)	55,376
				(,,,,,,,,	
Total expenditures	14,920,499	16,934,759	15,838,972	(2,014,260)	1,095,787
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,644,797)	297,753	1,023,340	1,942,550	725,587
				1,772,550	125,501
Fund balance, beginning of year	4,668,730	4,668,730	4,668,730		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 3,023,933	\$ 4,966,483	\$ 5,692,070	\$ 1,942,550	\$ 725,587

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan

		9/30/2021		9/30/2020	9/30/2019		9/30/2018		9/30/2017		9/30/2016		_	9/30/2015		9/30/2014	
School District's proportion of collective net pension liability	0	.07365111 %	0	.07486012 %	0	.07596172 %	0	.08025912 %	0	.08334516 %	0	.08310744 %	0	.08535000 %	0.	08318000 %	
School District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	17,437,204	\$	25,715,266	\$	25,155,968	\$	24,127,340	\$	21,598,274	\$	20,734,626	\$	20,846,995	\$	18,321,117	
School District's covered payroll	\$	6,609,687	\$	6,691,335	\$	6,590,576	\$	6,631,147	\$	7,051,556	\$	6,960,120	\$	7,173,152	\$	7,140,891	
School District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		263.81 %		384.31 %		381.70 %		363.85 %		306.29 %		297.91 %		290.63 %		256.57 %	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		72.60 %		59.72 %		60.31 %		62.36 %		64.21 %		63.27 %		63.17 %		66.20 %	

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan

		6/30/2022		6/30/2021		6/30/2020	6/30/2019			6/30/2018		6/30/2017		6/30/2016		6/30/2015
Statutorily required contributions School District contributions made to	\$	1,286,083	\$	1,231,664	\$	1,219,937	\$	1,153,275	\$	1,177,400	\$	1,355,838	\$	1,646,531	\$	1,554,496
the Plan		1,286,083		1,231,664		1,219,937		1,153,275		1,177,400		1,355,838		1,646,531		1,554,496
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$	_	¢		¢		¢		¢		¢		¢		¢	
Contributions deficiency (excess)	Ψ	-	Φ	-	Φ	-	2	-	φ		φ	-	Ф		\$	
School District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	6,732,723	\$	6,578,105	<u>\$</u>	6,728,027	<u>\$</u> \$	6,614,964	<u>\$</u>	6,679,991	\$	7,293,509	\$	7,069,113	<u>\$</u> \$	7,149,585

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan

		9/30/2021		9/30/2020		9/30/2019		9/30/2018		9/30/2017
School District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.0	07264023 %	0.0)7514745 %	0.0	07522719 %	0.0)7775395 %	0.0	08345211 %
School District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	1,108,764	\$	4,025,850	\$	5,399,618	\$	6,180,624	\$	7,390,077
School District's covered payroll (OPEB)	\$	6,609,687	\$	6,691,335	\$	6,590,576	\$	6,631,147	\$	7,051,556
School District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		16.77 %		60.17 %		81.93 %		93.21 %		104.80 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		87.33 %		59.44 %		48.46 %		42.95 %		36.39 %

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan

		6/30/2022		6/30/2021		6/30/2020	 6/30/2019		6/30/2018		
Statutorily required OPEB contributions OPEB contributions in relation to	\$	516,622	\$	520,994	\$	532,578	\$ 523,635	\$	484,084		
statutorily required contributions		516,622		520,994		532,578	 523,635		484,084		
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$			
School District's covered payroll (OPEB) OPEB contributions as a	\$	6,732,723	\$	6,578,105	\$	6,728,027	\$ 6,614,964	\$	6,679,991		
percentage of covered payroll		7.67 %		7.92 %		7.92 %	7.92 %		7.25 %		

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Fund Early Student					Debt <u>Service Fund</u> 2021 Debt Service		Capital <u>Project Fund</u> 2017 Capital Sinking		Total		
	Food Service		Early Childhood		Activity		Fund		Fund		Non-Major Governmental	
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	469,210	\$	136,884	\$	170,449	\$	888,707	\$	1,352,110	\$	3,017,360
Prepaid expenditures		75,000		-		-		-		-		75,000
Other receivables Intergovernmental receivables		4,859 40,332		2,019		490		-		-		7,368 40,332
Due from other funds		2,455		- 87,786		-		-		176,513		40,332 266,754
Inventory		16,388										16,388
Total assets	\$	608,244	\$	226,689	\$	170,939	\$	888,707	\$	1,528,623	\$	3,423,202
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	32,008	\$	7,050	\$	3,245	\$	-	\$	7,924	\$	50,227
Unearned revenue		9,350		-		-		-		-		9,350
Due to other funds		88,140		77,529		11,107						176,776
Total liabilities		129,498		84,579		14,352		-		7,924		236,353
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable - inventory and prepaid expenditures Restricted		91,388		-		-		-		-		91,388
Debt service		-		-		-		888,707		-		888,707
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		1,520,699		1,520,699
Food Service		387,358		-		-		-		-		387,358
Committed - student activities		-		-		156,587		-		-		156,587
Assigned - early childhood		-		142,110		-		-		-		142,110
Total fund balances		478,746		142,110		156,587		888,707		1,520,699		3,186,849
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	608,244	\$	226,689	\$	170,939	\$	888,707	\$	1,528,623	\$	3,423,202

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Debt Capital Service Funds Project Fund Special Revenue Fund 2017 Capital Total 2021 Debt Service Early Student Sinking Non-Major Food Service Childhood Activity Fund Fund Governmental Revenues \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,845,617 \$ 815,845 \$ 2,661,462 Property taxes --895 106 2,643 Interest 3,644 State revenues 29.634 29,469 59.103 _ Federal revenues 907,705 907,705 173,273 Other 74,903 171,902 690 420,768 202,848 171,902 1,846,307 818,488 Total revenues 1,013,137 4,052,682 Expenditures Food service 796,309 796,309 Early childhood 105,409 105,409 _ -142,067 142,067 Student activities Debt service Principal 325,000 325,000 -_ Interest 1,546,356 1,546,356 _ -Capital outlay 219.303 915 705.672 925.890 -Total expenditures 1,015,612 106,324 142,067 1,871,356 705,672 3,841,031 **REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES** (2,475)29,835 112,816 96,524 (25,049)211,651 Other financing sources 913,756 Operating transfers in 913,756 **REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND** (2,475)96,524 29,835 888,707 112,816 **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES** 1,125,407 Fund balance, beginning of year 126,752 1,407,883 481,221 45,586 2,061,442 478,7<u>46</u> 142,110 \$ 156,587 888,707 1,520,699 3,186,849 \$ \$ \$ \$ Fund balance, end of year

Year Ended June 30, 2022

FEDERAL PROGRAMS

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Award/Grant Accrued Reven		Accrued Revenue Prior Year June 30, 2021 Expenditures		Current Year Expenditures	Accrued Revenue June 30, 2022	
U.S. Department of Education Passed through Michigan Department of Education Title I Part A Cluster Grants - Educationally Deprived 201530-2021 201530-2122	84.010 84.010	\$ 254,361	\$ 70,985	\$ 254,361	\$ 65,155	\$	\$	
Total Title I Part A Cluster - Educationally Deprived		254,361	70,985	254,361	65,155	289,829	295,659	
Title IIA - Improving Teacher Quality 210520-2021 210520-2122	84.367 84.367	51,704	2,411	51,704	2,411	60,134	60,134	
Title IV Part A Student Support and Academic Enrichment 220750-2122	84.424	18,598		18,598	(235)	18,363	18,598	
Education Stabilization Funds Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Funds 201200-2122	84.425C			<u>-</u>	12,250	22,094	9,844	
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Funds 203710-1920 213712-2021	84.425D 84.425D	-	119,901	119,901	119,901 641,502	930,609	289,107	
Total Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Funds			119,901	119,901	761,403	930,609	289,107	
Total Education Stabilization Funds			119,901	119,901	773,653	952,703	298,951	
Total U.S. Department of Education		324,663	193,297	444,564	840,984	1,321,029	673,342	

-45- The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Original Approved Award/Grant Amount	Accrued Revenue June 30, 2021	Prior Year Expenditures	Current Year Receipts	Current Year Expenditures	Accrued Revenue June 30, 2022
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Michigan Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Program							
221971	10.553	<u></u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 222,713	\$ 222,713	<u>\$</u>
National School Lunch Program 221961 USDA Commodities - Entitlement	10.555 10.555	-			526,419 49,165	549,562 49,165	23,143
Total National School Lunch/Commodities		-	-	-	575,584	598,727	23,143
1900 - Summer Food Service Program 210904 Total Child Nutrition Cluster/Commodities	10.559	<u>-</u>			<u> </u>	<u>64,978</u> 886,418	4,023
Child and Adult Care Food Program meals	10.558				15,411	15,690	279
-				·	15,411		
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579					4,983	4,983
State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) Administrative Costs Grants	10.649				614	614	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					875,277	907,705	32,428
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through Northwest Education Services Medicaid - School Based Services	93.778				5,322	5,322	
Total Federal Financial Assistance		\$ 324,663	\$ 193,297	\$ 444,564	\$ 1,721,583	\$ 2,234,056	\$ 705,770

-46- The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

June 30, 2022

- **Note 1** The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the School District, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.
- **Note 2** Management has reported that expenditures in this Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are equal to those amounts reported in the annual or final cost reports. Unallowed differences, if any, have been disclosed to the auditor.
- **Note 3** The financial reports, including claims for advances and reimbursements and amounts claimed or used for matching are timely, complete, accurate and contain information that is supported by the books and records from which the basic financial statements have been prepared. Grant receipts reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as passed through the Michigan Department of Education, reconcile to the Grant Section Auditor's Report (R7120). Unreconciled differences have been disclosed to the auditor.
- **Note 4** The School District did not use the 10% de-minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- **Note 5** A reconciliation of expenditures on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards with Federal sources reported on the financial statements are as follows:

Federal expenditures per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Coronavirus Relief Fund - Child Care Relief Fund	\$ 2,234,056 128,726
Federal sources per financial statements	\$ 2,362,782



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Board of Education Benzie County Central School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of *Benzie County Central School District* (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs No. 2022-001, 2022-002, and 2022-003, that we consider to be material weaknesses.



Board of Education Benzie County Central School District

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs No. 2021-004, that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the findings identified in our audit and is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dennis, Gartland & Niergarth

Certified Public Accountants Traverse City, Michigan

December 22, 2022



Brad P. Niergarth, CPA James G. Shumate, CPA Shelly K. Bedford, CPA Heidi M. Wendel, CPA James M. Taylor, CPA Trina B. Ochs, CPA John A. Blair, CPA Aaron J. Mansfield, CPA Elizabeth A. Hedden, CPA Jonathan P. Benjamin, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education Benzie County Central School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion of Each Major Federal Program

We have audited *Benzie County Central School District* (the "School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School District's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirement for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.



Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statues, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain profession skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dennis, Gartland & Niergarth

Certified Public Accountants Traverse City, Michigan

December 22, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

June 30, 2022

PRIOR YEAR

See current year findings in section 2 for a repeat of prior year findings No. 2021-001 and 2021-002. There is no change in their status.

Finding Number 2021-003 Bank Reconciliations Not Prepared Timely Material Weakness in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

Criteria: Control procedures include reconciliation and comparison of assets with records. The preparation of bank reconciliations should be completed in a timely manner.

Condition: The School District did not reconcile the cash accounts in a timely manner. Bank reconciliations were performed for the entire fiscal year after year-end.

Cause: There was significant turnover in the accounting department and staff were not being trained to perform bank reconciliations. Additionally, the School District switched accounting software and activity was not properly updated in the system.

Effect: As a result of this condition, transactions were not recorded on a timely basis and transactions were not recorded in the proper accounting period during the fiscal year. Upon completion of the bank reconciliations, and recording of additional transactions, there was an immaterial difference between the cash recorded and the bank reconciliation.

Management's Response: The School District hired a new Director of Finance in April 2021 who completed the bank account reconciliations for the year and updated the new accounting software with the unrecorded transactions. Investigation into the cause of the uncorrected remaining District-wide difference will be made. The practice moving forward will be to have each month and account reconciled within thirty days of the statement date to ensure proper accounting has taken place. Each reconciliation will be signed off on by the Superintendent each month.

Current Status: Bank reconciliations are being prepared and reviewed within thirty days of the statement date.

Finding Number 2021-004 Late Audit Package Submission to the Michigan Department of Education Material Instance of Noncompliance in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

Criteria: The State of Michigan requires public school districts to file a copy of their audit reporting package and management letter with the Michigan Department of Education by November 1.

Condition: The School District did not file the audit package with the Michigan Department of Education by November 1, 2021.

Cause: The audit was not complete and available for submission to the State by November 1 because the School District was working on account reconciliations after year-end and was not ready for the audit to begin in the planned timeframe needed to complete the audit timely.

Effect: As a result of this condition, 100% of state aid funding will be withheld until the audit package is filed with the Michigan Department of Education.

Management's Response: The School District will reconcile each bank account within thirty days of the statement date to ensure proper accounting. The Director of Finance and other business office staff will use the template created to properly reconcile in a timely manner. Each month the Superintendent will sign off on the completed reconciliation. It is the goal of the business office to have these accounts reconciled by July 20th at the end of each fiscal year to make sure the audit can be completed timely and the audit package can be filed with the State by the November 1st deadline.

Current Status: Bank reconciliations are being prepared and reviewed within thirty days of the statement date. However, due to the software configuration issues as noted in finding No. 2022-003, the audit was delayed and the School District did not file its audit package by November 1, 2022 (repeat finding No. 2022-004).

CURRENT YEAR

Section 1 - Summary of Auditors' Results

- 1. The auditor's report represents an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Benzie County Central School District.
- 2. There were three material weaknesses in internal control reported as a result of the audit of the financial statements. See Section 2 Findings in Accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*.
- 3. There was one instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements, which is required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, that was disclosed during the audit. See Section 2 Findings in Accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*.
- 4. There were no significant deficiencies disclosed that were related to a major program.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for major Federal award programs expresses an unmodified opinion on all major Federal award programs.

- 6. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a) are reported in this Schedule.
- The School District's major program was the Education Stabilization Fund: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER), Assistance listing No. 84.425D Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund (GEER) Assistance listing No. 84.425C
- 8. The dollar threshold for distinguishing between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Benzie County Central School District did not qualify as a low risk auditee.

Section 2 - Findings in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards

Finding Number 2022-001 (repeat) **Preparation of Financial Statements Material Weakness in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting**

Criteria: All Michigan governments are required to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). This is a responsibility of the School District's management. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both (1) recording, processing and summarizing accounting data (i.e., maintaining internal books and records) and (2) reporting government-wide and fund financial statements, including the related footnotes (i.e., external financial reporting).

Condition: As is the case with many smaller and medium-sized entities, the School District has historically relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the preparation of the basic financial statements as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the School District's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP is based, in part, on its reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered a part of the School District's internal controls.

Cause: This condition was caused by the School District's decision that it is more cost effective to outsource the preparation of its annual financial statements to auditors than to incur the time and expense of obtaining the necessary resources required for the School District to perform this task internally.

Effect: As a result of this condition, the School District lacks internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP and instead relies, in part, on its external auditors for assistance with this task.

Management's Response: The School District has evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and determined that it is in the best interest of the School District to outsource this task to its external auditors and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their content and presentation.

Section 2 - Findings in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards - Continued

Finding Number 2022-002 (repeat) Segregation of Duties Material Weakness in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

Criteria: Adequate segregation of duties for the School District is necessary to minimize the likelihood that fraud or errors could occur and not be detected.

Condition: The School District has not achieved a complete segregation of duties among employees who have access to assets and those with accounting responsibilities.

Cause: The small size of the business office staff creates an inherent lack of segregation of duties.

Effect: As a result of this condition, the School District lacks a thorough segregation of duties and is exposed to the risk of material misstatement of its financial statements.

Management's Response: The School District has evaluated the manner in which they segregate duties and has implemented measures such as Board review of all expenditures and Board President signature of all checks written over \$5,000. However, the cost associated with adding additional staff to achieve a complete segregation is not justified by the expected benefits.

Finding Number 2022-003 Accounting Software not Configured Correctly Material Weakness in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

Criteria: Control procedures include reconciliation and comparison of assets with records.

Condition: The School District did not have its software configured correctly. The software had a configuration option to reverse certain accrual entries that was not removed and procedures to perform manual reversal journal entries were still being performed causing a duplication of reversal entries in subsequent months after accounts were reconciled and in agreement to source documentation.

Cause: The School District switched accounting software and the configuration of how the software treated reversals and other entries was not set up correctly.

Effect: As a result of this condition, balances in the general ledger did not agree to source documentation and required adjustments to correct the duplicated entries. Upon completion of the updated reconciliations and adjustments, there were immaterial differences between the cash recorded and the bank reconciliation for the food service fund, and between source documentation and accrual accounts.

Management's Response: The School District is in the process of moving to a different accounting software. Additionally, investigation into the cause of the accrual account and cash balance differences will be made.

Section 2 - Findings in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards - Continued

Finding Number 2022-004 (repeat)

Late Audit Package Submission to the Michigan Department of Education Material Instance of Noncompliance in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

Criteria: The State of Michigan requires public school districts to file a copy of their audit reporting package and management letter with the Michigan Department of Education by November 1.

Condition: The School District did not file the audit package with the Michigan Department of Education by November 1, 2022, the initial due date, or by the following due date of December 1, 2022.

Cause: The audit was not complete and available for submission to the State by November 1 or by December 1 because the School District was working on account reconciliations after yearend due to the software issues and was not ready for the audit to begin in the planned timeframe needed to complete the audit timely.

Effect: As a result of this condition, 100% of state aid funding will be withheld until the audit package is filed with the Michigan Department of Education.

Management's Response: The School District is in the process of moving to a different accounting software. During fiscal year 2022, the School District began a process of timely account reconciliations but was unaware that account balances were changing subsequent to month-end close. The Director of Finance has updated the current software's configuration to avoid duplicate entries. Until the new accounting software is in place, the Director of Finance will review subsequent months balances to ensure no changes have been made by the accounting software to make sure the audit can be completed timely and the audit package can be filed with the State by the November 1st deadline.

Section 3 - Findings and Questioned Costs in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

Finding Number 2022-005 Education Stabilization Fund: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Assistance Listing Number 84.425D Allowable Costs/Cost Principles – Documentation of Employee Time and Effort Immaterial Noncompliance

Criteria: Per Federal regulations 2 CFR section 200.430(i)(1)(vii), the School District must maintain time and effort distribution records for an employee who works in part on the consolidated administrative cost objective and in part on a federal program whose administrative funds have not been consolidated or on activities funded from other revenue sources.

Condition: The School District did not maintain time and effort distribution records for employees who were partially funded with ESSER Federal funds.

Cause: Oversight.

Effect: Time and effort reports were not completed.

Questioned Costs: None.

Recommendation: Time and effort reports should be completed throughout the year listing the employees name, position or job title, and percentage of time spent on each Federal award and signed by the employee's supervisor.

Management's Response and Corrective Actions: The Director of Finance and Superintendent completed time and effort reports for the ESSER funds expended for fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 and will continue to complete time and effort reports going forward.

Person Responsible for Corrective Action: Justin Weston, Director of Finance, and Amiee Erfourth, Superintendent

Completion Date: November 21, 2022.